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Versatile wireless TSN experimentation using openwifi

Ingrid Moerman, Jeroen Hoebeke, Johann Marquez-Barja



Limitations of COTS Wi-Fi for TSN (research)



I. Research

Time synchronization



Understanding Precision Time Protocol in Today's Wi-Fi Networks: A Measurement Study

Paizhuo Chen and Zhice Yang, *ShanghaiTech University*

<https://www.usenix.org/conference/atc21/presentation/chen>

This paper is included in the Proceedings of the 2021 USENIX Annual Technical Conference.

July 14–16, 2021

978-1-939133-23-6

- Software PTP
 - Reasonable accuracy with fine-tuned configurations and online calibration
 - Patching ath9k, a mature **open source WNIC driver**
- Hardware PTP
 - Most accurate
 - Requires PTP hardware timestamping clock not contained in Wi-Fi NICs or,
 - TSF timestamping provided there is a **TSF counter reading interface**

2. Validation

Early validation of upcoming Wi-Fi features on real HW

Key Wi-Fi 7 Features*

The infographic is divided into three horizontal sections. The top section lists four key features: User Experience Data Rate (with a hand icon), Spectrum Efficiency (with a bar chart icon), Network Energy Efficiency (with a Wi-Fi signal and lightning bolt icon), and Connection Density (with a Wi-Fi signal and water drop icon). The middle section is a light blue box titled 'Key Enhancements' containing a list of technical specifications: 320 MHz channels, 4096-QAM, 16 spatial streams, Multi-link operation, Multi-AP operation, Deterministic low latency, and Multi-RU (puncturing). The bottom section lists four more features: Peak Data Rate (with a Wi-Fi signal and upward arrow icon), Cost Effective (with a dollar sign icon), Area Capacity (with a Wi-Fi signal and key icon), and Low Latency (with a Wi-Fi signal and clock icon). At the bottom left, a small note states: '* Accurate as of June/2020. Feature set and their specification are subject to change.' At the bottom right, there is an Intel logo and the number 8.

User Experience Data Rate Spectrum Efficiency Network Energy Efficiency Connection Density

Key Enhancements

- 320 MHz channels
- 4096-QAM
- 16 spatial streams
- Multi-link operation
- Multi-AP operation
- Deterministic low latency
- Multi-RU (puncturing)

Peak Data Rate Cost Effective Area Capacity Low Latency

* Accurate as of June/2020. Feature set and their specification are subject to change.

intel | 8

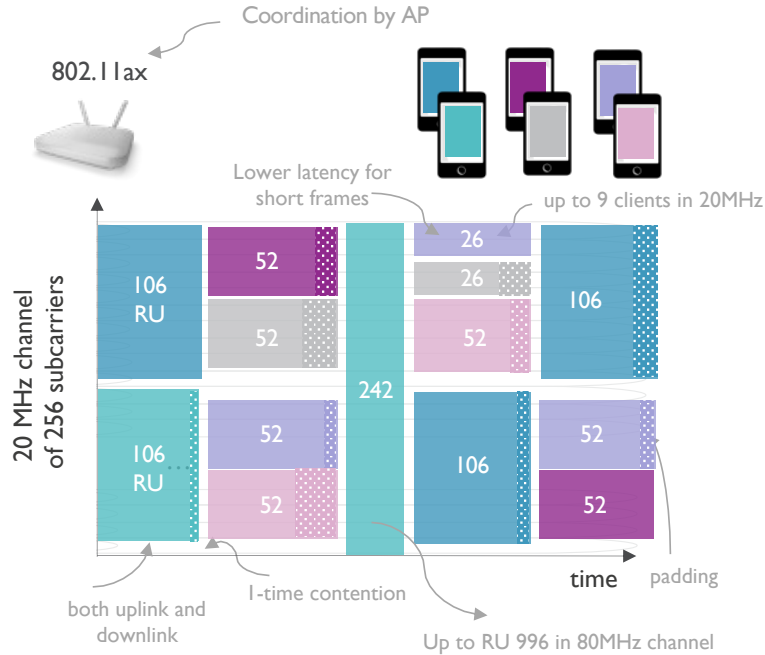
Validation of feasibility and performance of concepts and algorithms

- Typically models and simulation studies
- Lack of validation opportunities on real system

Source: C. Cordeiro, "Next-generation Wi-Fi – Wi-Fi 7 and beyond", Intel Corporation

3. Customization

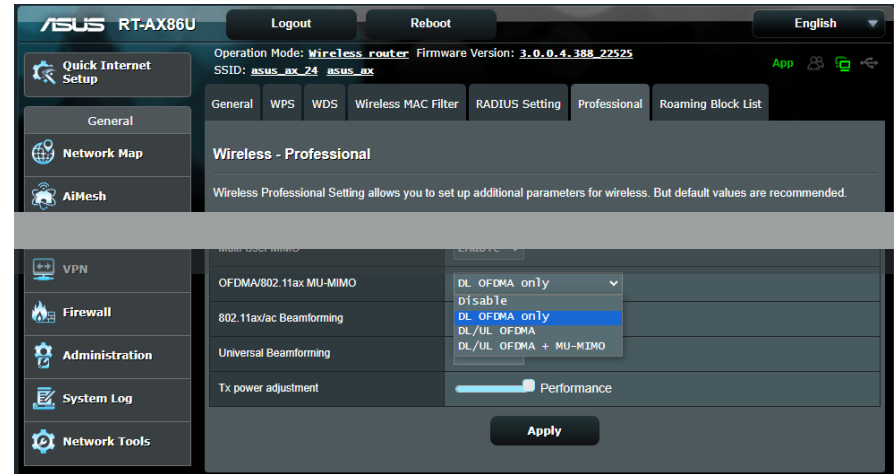
Control over OFDMA for latency reductions



Step 3	dot11ax downlink-ofdma Example: Device(config-wlan)# dot11ax downlink-ofdma	Enables the downlink connection that uses the OFDMA technology. Use the no form of the command to disable the configuration.
Step 4	dot11ax uplink-ofdma Example: Device(config-wlan)# dot11ax uplink-ofdma	Enables the uplink connection that uses the OFDMA technology .


Send the below two commands to disable UL scheduler, **UL OFDMA**

```
iwpriv wlan32 he_uofdma
wifitool wlan32 setUnitTestCmd 0x47 2 92
```

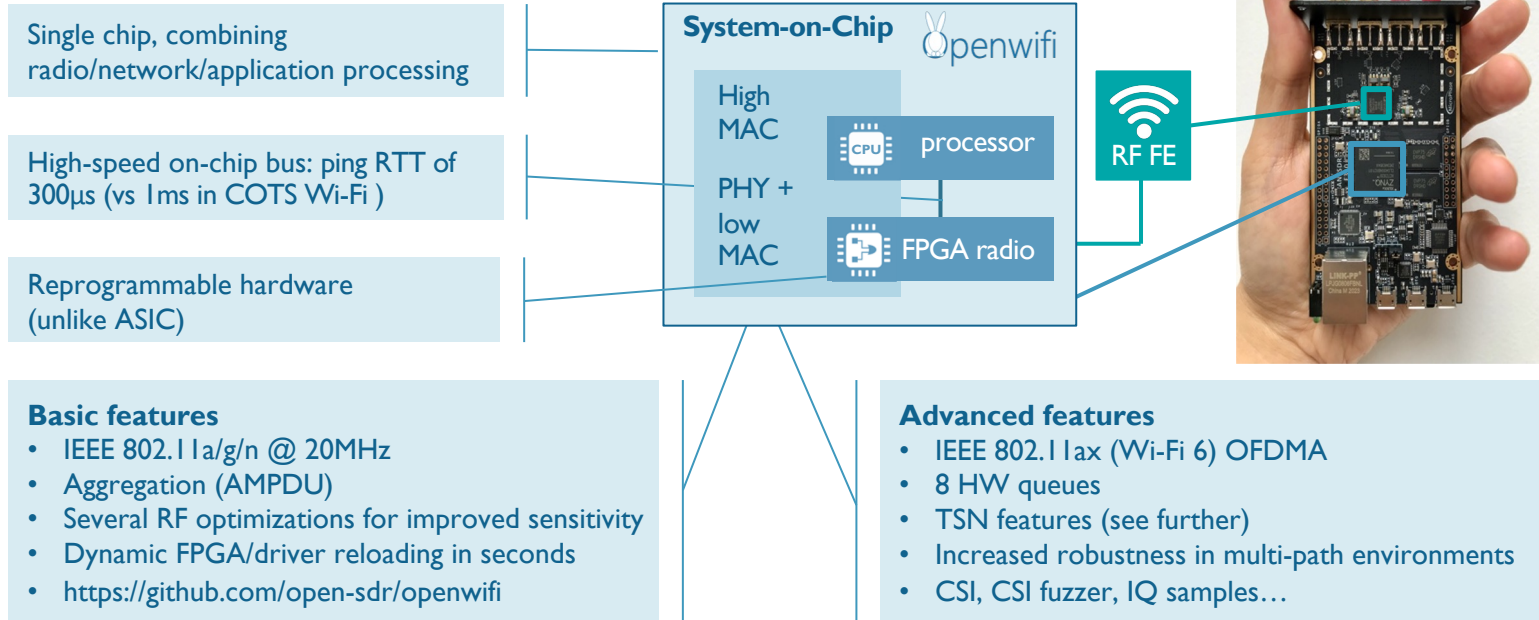


Level of control = ON/OFF

TSN research – core features

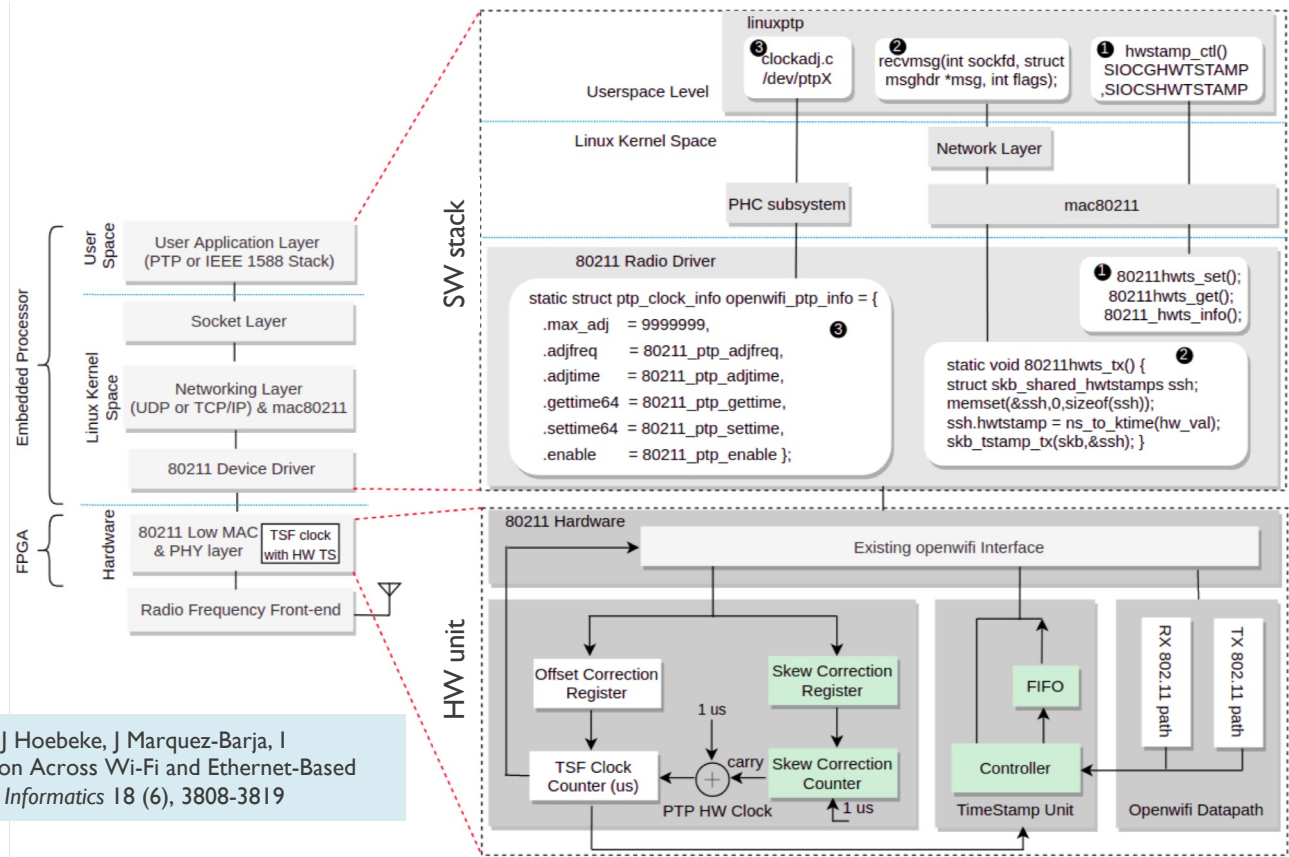
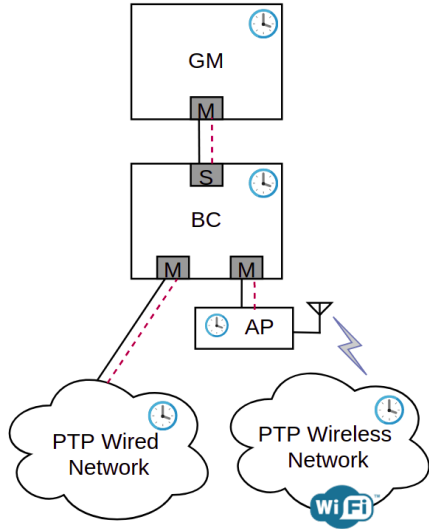
Enabled by  Openwifi

Openwifi : World's first free Wi-Fi open full-stack chip design



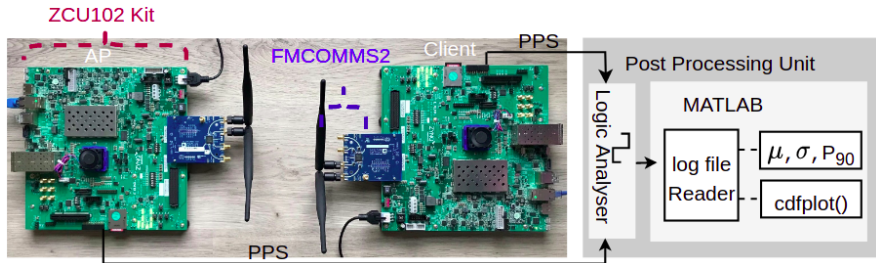
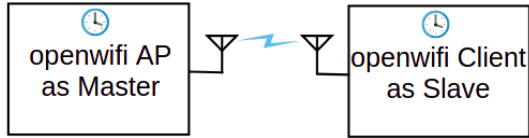
Clock synchronisation & hardware timestamping

Architecture



M Aslam, W Liu, X Jiao, J Haxhibeqiri, G Miranda, J Hoebeke, J Marquez-Barja, I Moerman, Hardware Efficient Clock Synchronization Across Wi-Fi and Ethernet-Based Network Using PTP, *IEEE Transactions on Industrial Informatics* 18 (6), 3808-3819

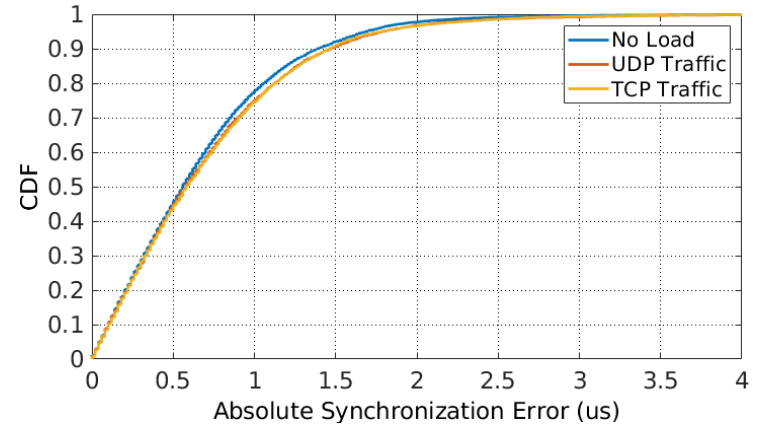
Time synchronization accuracy



Measurement setup

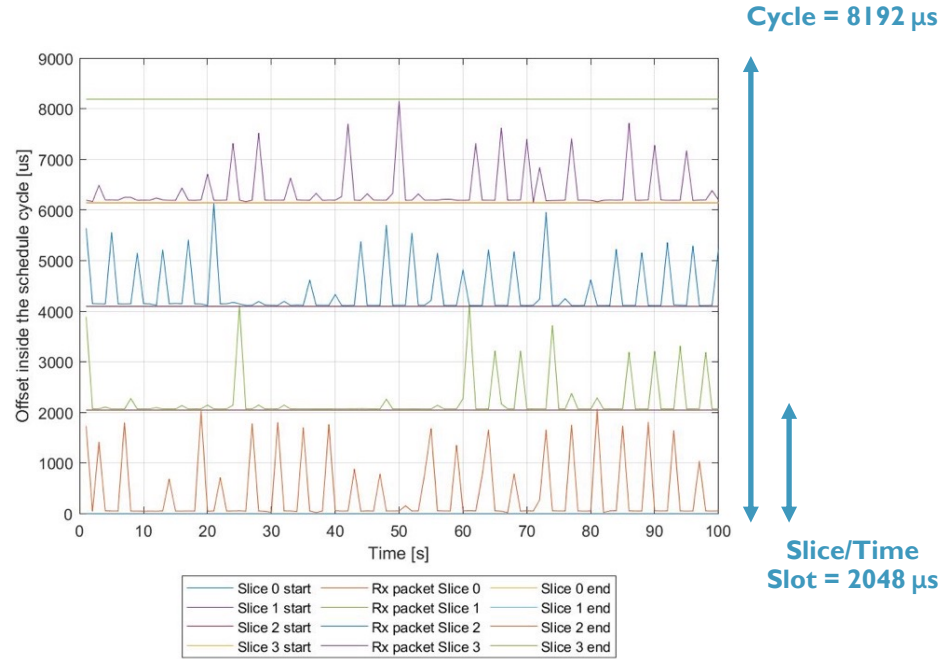
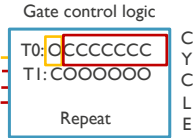
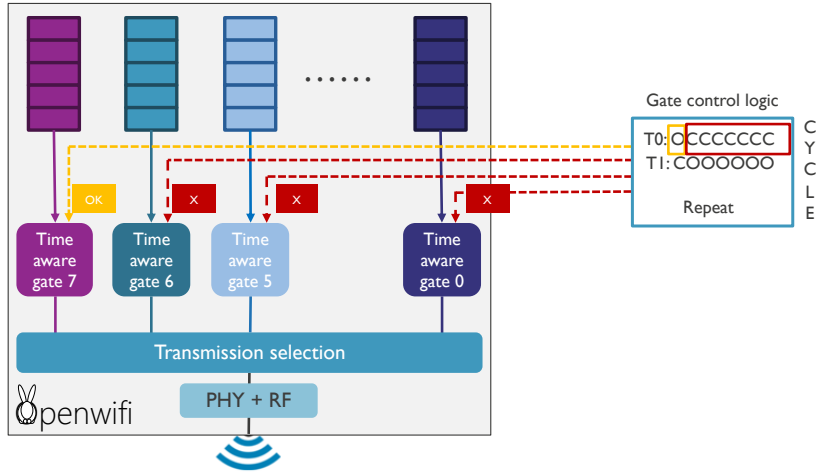
M Aslam, W Liu, X Jiao, J Haxhibeqiri, G Miranda, J Hoebeke, J Marquez-Barja, I Moerman, Hardware Efficient Clock Synchronization Across Wi-Fi and Ethernet-Based Network Using PTP, *IEEE Transactions on Industrial Informatics* 18 (6), 3808-3819

Parameters	No Load	UDP Load	TCP Load
Mean (μ)	-0.279 μ s	-0.330 μ s	-0.325 μ s
Standard deviation (σ)	0.820 μ s	0.872 μ s	0.868 μ s
90% percentile (P_{90})	1.4 μ s	1.48 μ s	1.46 μ s



IEEE 802.1 Qbv time-aware scheduling over Wi-Fi

Gating mechanism + time-aware scheduling for APs and end devices



More than time-aware scheduling

Time-triggered configurations

bit position	meaning	queue specific
[09:00]	LBT threshold (dBm)	NO
[10:10]	NAV enable	NO
[11:11]	DIFS enable	NO
[12:12]	EIFS enable	NO
[14:13]	AIFS setting. 4 different AIFS. reserved for future	NO
[15:15]	CW enable	NO
[19:16]	CW min	YES
[23:20]	CW max	YES
[25:24]	TXOP setting. 4 different TXOP. reserved for future	NO
[29:26]	number of retransmission	NO
[30:30]	ACK Tx enable	NO
[31:31]	ACK Rx enable	NO
[41:32]	Rx sensitivity threshold (dBm)	NO
[43:42]	Tx digital attenuation. 0/1/2/3: -0dB/-6dB/-12dB/-18dB	NO
[45:44]	Rx gain control. reserved for future	NO
[48:46]	Tx freq channel	NO
[51:49]	Rx freq channel	NO
[53:52]	Tx CSI fuzzer control. 0: fuzzer off; 1/2/3: pattern 1/2/3	NO
[55:54]	Tx antenna control. reserved for future	NO
[57:56]	Rx antenna control. reserved for future	NO
[59:58]	Rx PHY control. smoothing; STF threshold; etc. reserved for future	NO



Adjust contention, e.g based on number of stations in shared slots
Disable contention, e.g. in case of private spectrum license

Adjust retransmissions, e.g. based on time slot duration and/or reliability needs

Adjust thresholds, sensitivity and Tx power to reduce interference and improve spatial reuse

And coordinate all this across multiple synchronized APs!

Monitoring features

Open API exposing advanced statistics

- Tx packet statistics
- Tx Queue statistics
- Rx packet statistics
- Rx gain statistics

name	meaning
tx_data_pkt_need_ack_num_total	number of tx data packet reported in openwifi_tx_interrupt() (both fail and succeed)
name	meaning
rx_data_pkt_num_total	number of rx data packet with both FCS ok and failed
rx_data_pkt_num_fail	number of rx data packet with FCS failed
name	meaning
rx_data_ok_agc_gain_value_realtime	agc gain value of rx data packet with FCS ok
rx_data_fail_agc_gain_value_realtime	agc gain value of rx data packet with FCS failed
rx_mgmt_ok_agc_gain_value_realtime	agc gain value of rx management packet with FCS ok
rx_mgmt_fail_agc_gain_value_realtime	agc gain value of rx management packet with FCS failed
rx_ack_ok_agc_gain_value_realtime	agc gain value of rx ACK packet with FCS ok
rx_mgmt_pkt_fail_mcs_realtime	MCS (10*Mbps) of rx management packet with FCS failed
rx_ack_pkt_mcs_realtime	MCS (10*Mbps) of rx ACK packet with both FCS ok and failed
rx_data_ok_agc_gain_value_realtime	agc gain value of rx data packet with FCS ok
rx_data_fail_agc_gain_value_realtime	agc gain value of rx data packet with FCS failed
rx_mgmt_ok_agc_gain_value_realtime	agc gain value of rx management packet with FCS ok
rx_mgmt_fail_agc_gain_value_realtime	agc gain value of rx management packet with FCS failed
rx_ack_ok_agc_gain_value_realtime	agc gain value of rx ACK packet with FCS ok

Enabling advanced monitoring

https://github.com/open-sdr/openwifi/blob/master/doc/app_notes/driver_stat.md



Openwifi + TSN

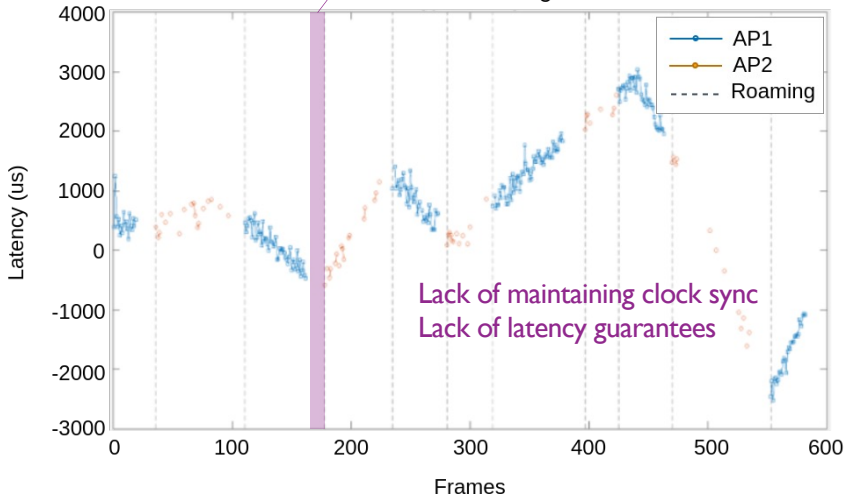
Driver for innovation/exploration

Impactless association and roaming

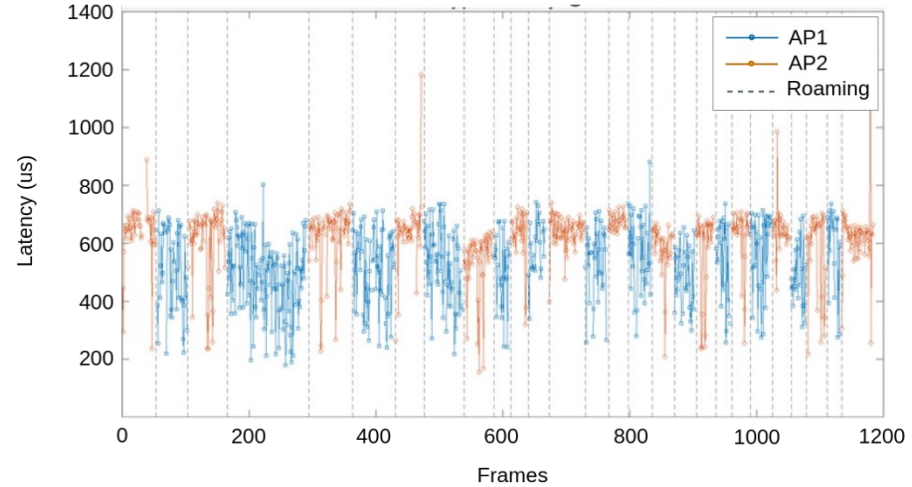
Guaranteed latencies and no/very few packet loss

Burst of lost packets at each roaming instance

Current Roaming

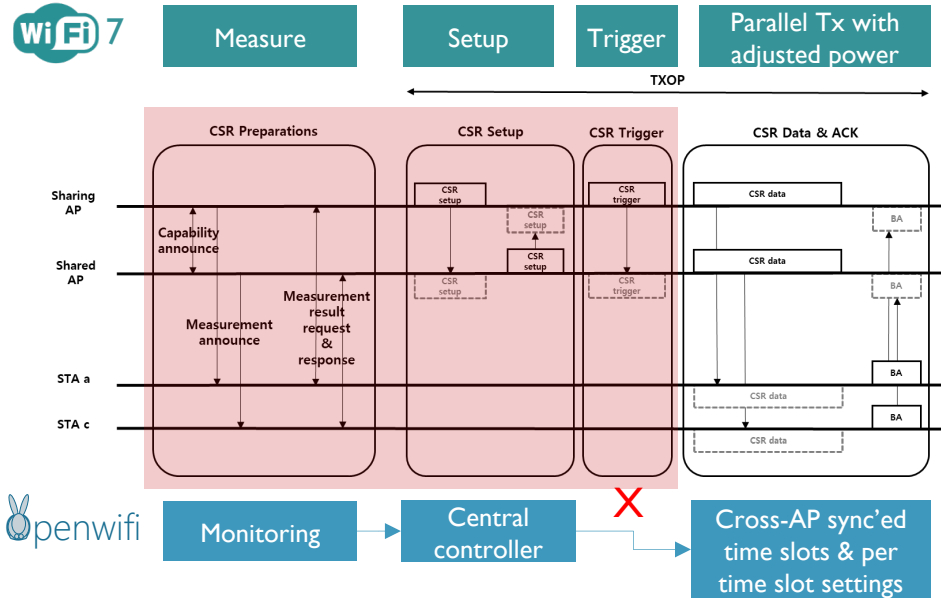
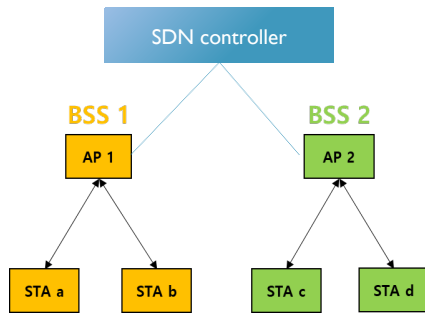


TSN Roaming



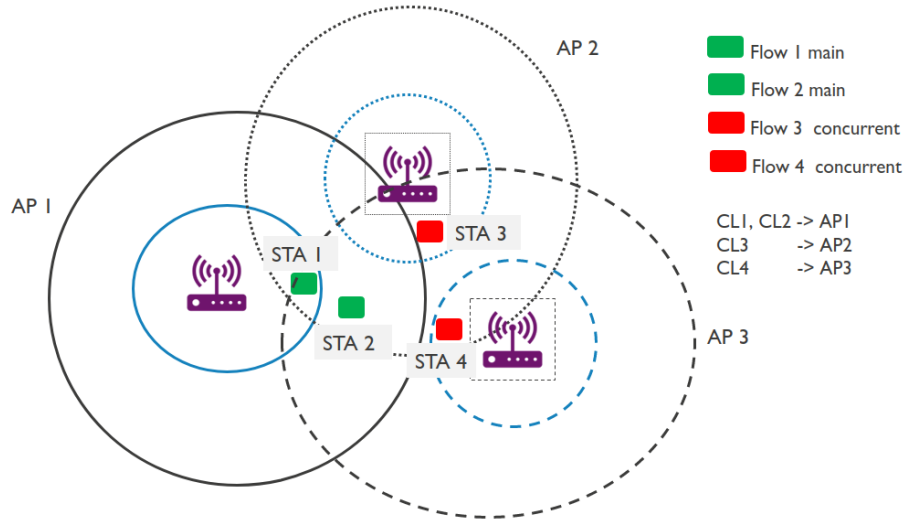
Coordinated Spatial Reuse (C-SR) in dense deployments

Parallel interference-free transmissions – validation using openwifi + TSN features

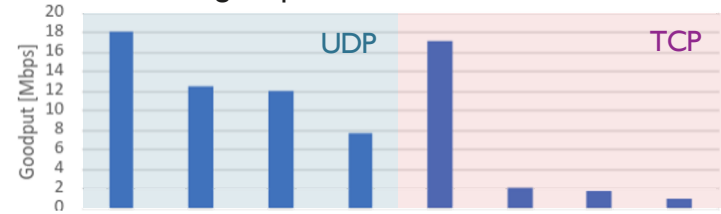


Coordinated Spatial Reuse (C-SR) in dense deployments

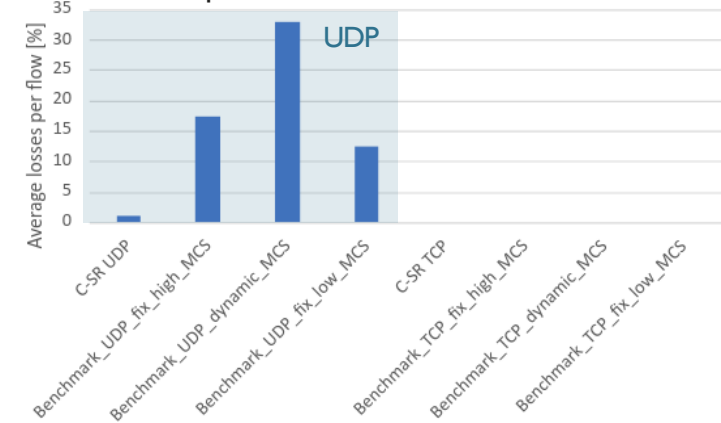
Parallel interference-free transmissions – validation using openwifi + TSN features



Increased goodput



Reduced packet loss

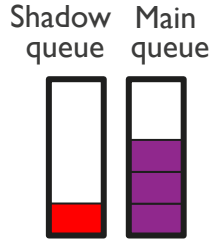


Handling unexpected low-latency events

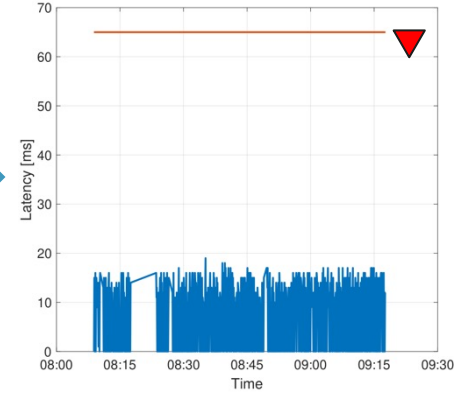
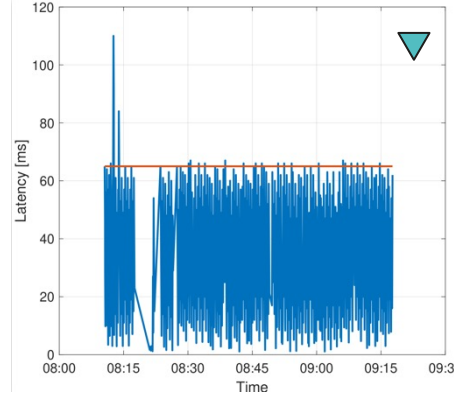
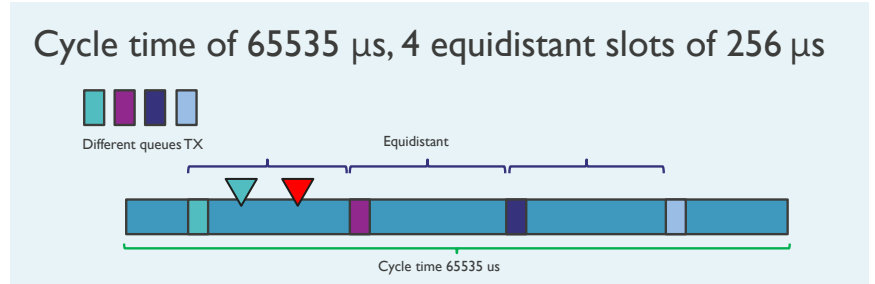
Dynamic traffic classification

Approach

- openwifi shadow queues, served before main queue when not empty



- Dynamically reclassify incoming event to next available/suitable shadow queue
- No need to update existing schedule

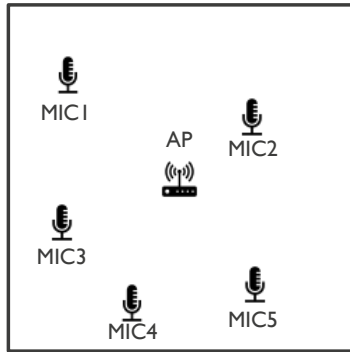


Customized OFDMA behavior

In progress...

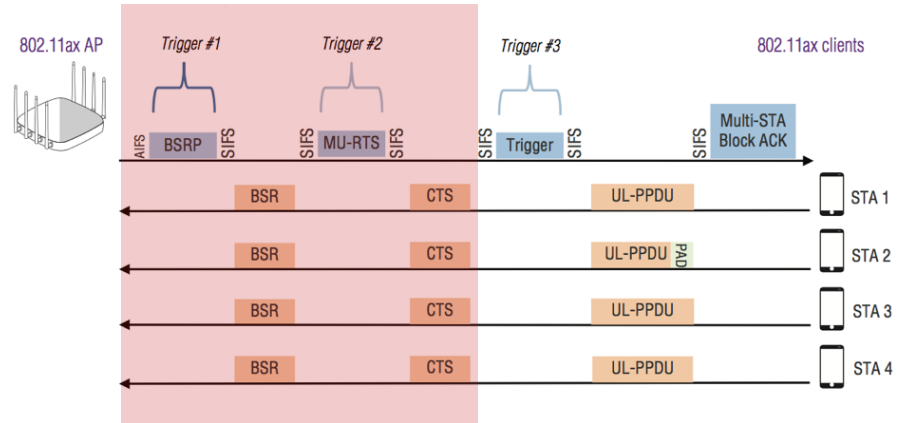
Context

- Audio use case
- Strict latency requirements
- Known communication patterns



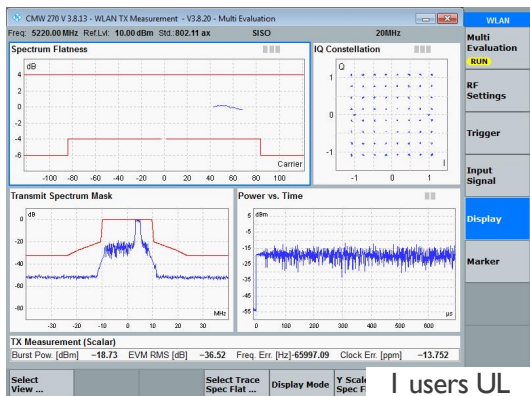
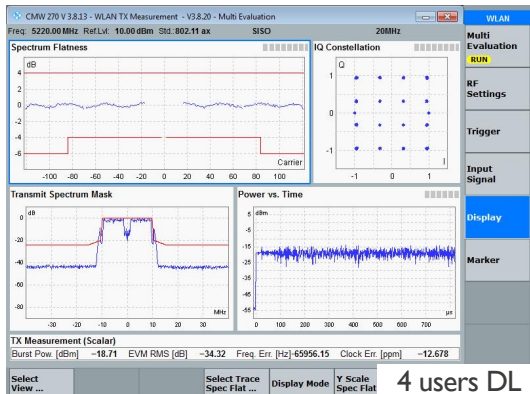
Approach

- OFDMA for low-latency and scalability

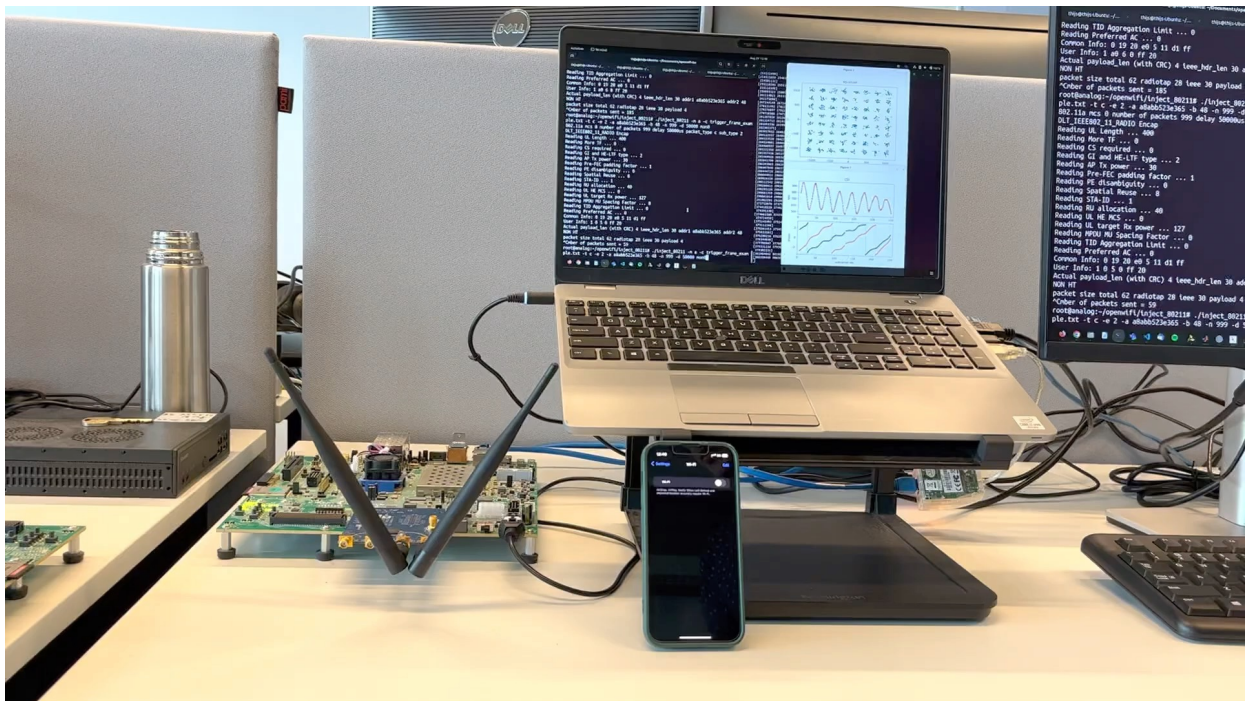


Source: <https://cradtech.com/2018/10/25/802-11ax-ofdma-overview/>

- Customized OFDMA algorithm using openwifi



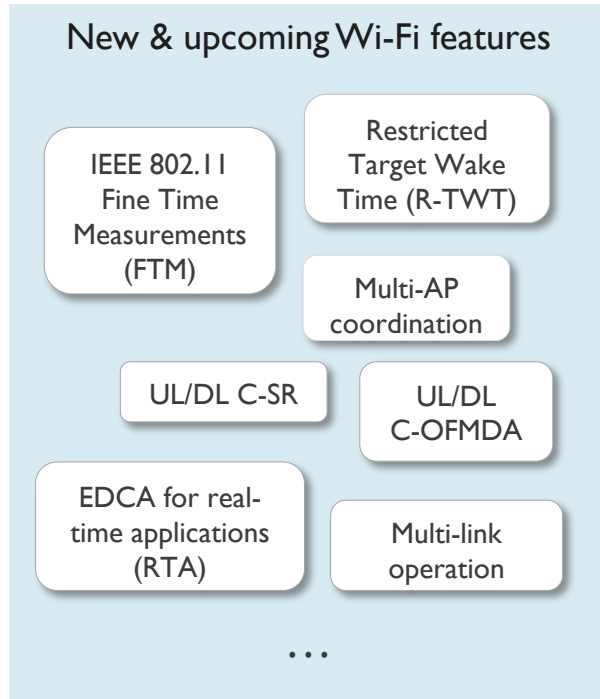
DEMO: openwifi AP triggering UL OFDMA on COTS client




What's next



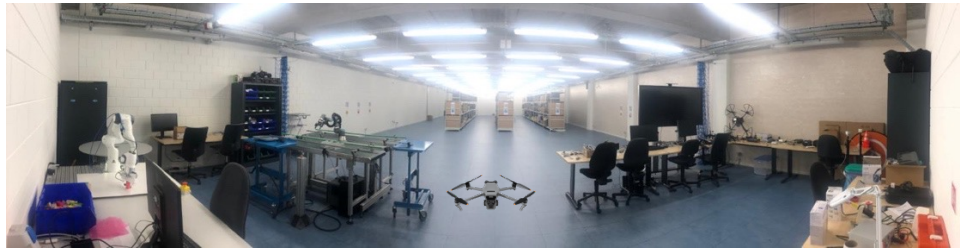
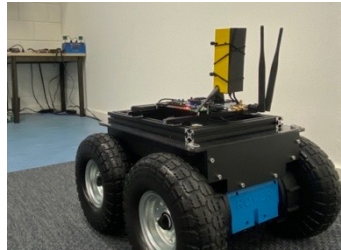
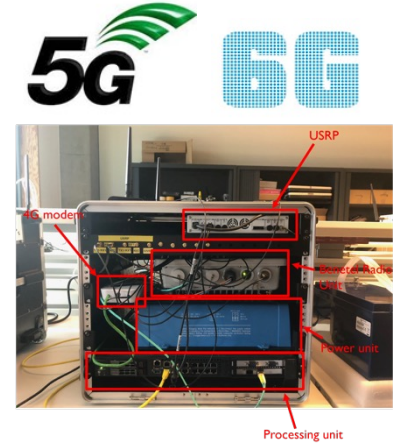
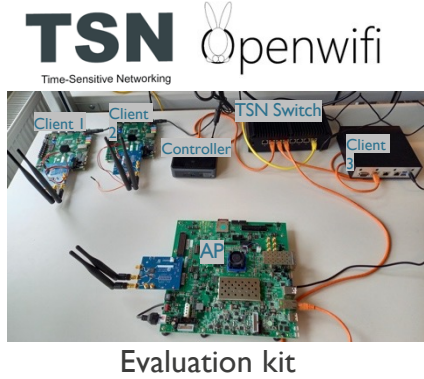
TSN vision & roadmap



- **Focus on professional private markets**
 - Lower volumes, need for high-end customized solutions
 - COTS solutions: focus on speed, closed-box, limited controllable features, customization not feasible
- **Focus on research & innovation on relevant features**
 - No need for full-blown implementation of Wi-Fi standard: many Wi-Fi features are not relevant for TSN use cases
 - Anticipate and validate specific new/upcoming features, e.g., roaming, advanced monitoring & control, distributed coordinated operation (C-SR, C-OFDMA, beamforming, etc.)...
- **PoC validation of TSN operation in realistic use cases and real-life environments**
 - Need for open prototyping platform 
 - Fully customized (fast innovation)
 - Standard compliance (e.g., customized APs and COTS clients)

Wireless Lab & Industrial IoT Lab

Large-scale validation in realistic environments



COTS as well as SDR RUs





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